

ALL IS NOT LOVELY.

RELATIONS BETWEEN BORENLOHM
AND HIS EMPEROR STRAINED.
—
SOCIALIST CONVENTION AT HAMBURG.

It Was an Important Gathering—
Its Proceedings Much Discussed—
Tariff Retaliation Against This
Country—Other German Notes.

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BERLIN, October 2.—In spite of semi-official denials, the relations between the

penal code is still hanging fire, in spite of the Chancellor's declaration in the Reichstag in 1895 that he would stand on

The Volks Zeitung says that the Chancellor this week offered to resign for the fourth time, and that the chancellorship

crisis is now in an acute state. The Cologne Gazette corroborates this. The Frankfurter Zeitung asserts that his Ma-

lesty has been trying for months to find a suitable successor to Chancellor Hohenlohe, and that one will probably be chosen from among the princes of the reigning

Prince Bismarck has repeatedly been appealed to to express himself on the subject of the government's naval plans.

but the only opinion which he has vouchsafed is the statement which he made on October 4th in the course of an interview with a representative of the Schiesische

Zeitung, that he approved the strengthening of the navy by an increase in the number of cruisers and by a replacement of the obsolete Battleship, but as a depre-

SOCIALIST CONVENTION.

The Socialist convention just ended at Hamburg was a most important gathering. There were over 200 delegates present, and they represented 2,250,000 votes.

The proceedings have been widely criticised, and the Conservative press claim that now the Socialists are more strictly within their legal rights they have become much more dangerous.

The Hamburger Nachrichten, in an editorial article, urges the adoption of violent measures to suppress Socialism. It advocates the abrogation of the general

franchise at Reichstag elections as being the best means of curtailling the principal influence of the Socialists.

claims that the convention has shown the Socialists to be rapidly becoming purely a radical reform party.

TARIFF RETALIATION.

The agrarian newspapers continue to demand vigorous measures of retaliation against the United States on account of the passage of the Dingley bill, but the

The decrease in the exports of sugar for the quarter just ended is even larger than was feared when the United States

than was feared when the United States tariff went into effect. The exports from Hamburg have dropped from \$5,352,566 in 1895, to \$379,540, almost all of it being sugar from the consular districts of Sax-

The figures for the last quarter were \$275,654, a decrease from \$344,403—nearly all sugar.

WILHELM I. AGAINST DUELLING.
In the military writings of Emperor William I., issued by order of the present Emperor, there are many indications that

A special session of the Evangelical Consistory of the province of East Prussia

sla has passed an almost unanimous vote of rebuke against the Emperor because he has broken the Sunday-rest law by hunting in the forest of Rominten.

Emperor William's sister, recently married with a severe accident while wheeling near Potsdam.

Prince Bismarck, it appears, is now a enthusiastic admirer of the bicycle. He approves of women riding, and regrets that he is too old and stiff for the sport.

Recently Prince Bismarck began to amuse himself in the evenings by card playing. His favorite game is "skat" for

DISHONESTY OF MANUFACTURER
Representatives in Germany of American manufactures and the United States

consuls in the country have noticed lately a great deal of dishonesty on the part of German manufacturers, especially at Chemnitz, Frankfurt, and in the Rhine

districts. Consul Monaghan, at Chennitz, has just sent a report to Washington, giving the facts and names not only in regard to imitating United States

goods, and patent infringements, but also regarding incorrect invoices. Mr. Parker, a patent lawyer of Chicago, has begun suit in the German courts against a number of the worst offenders. Robert Gray

The favorite method of these dishonest

German manufacturers and dealers is obtain first, by contract, the exclusive representation of valuable American machines, and then to secure specimens

of these machines. Next, they abandon all effort to sell any of them, but instead they imitate them closely, and place machines on the market at two thirds

the American prices. Some of the manufacturers have even had the boldness to enter the counterfeited articles and even the American articles themselves enamelled over at exhibitions here.

REUNION OF MOSBY'S MEN.

**The Final Arrangements Complete
List of Speakers.**
BALTIMORE, MD., October 9.—(S)

pleted to-night for the reunion of Mosby men, which will take place in the city Thursday night. The local com-

tee expect that about 150 members of the old battalion will be present at the annual banquet, which will be held at the Eutaw House. David S. Briscoe, of Birmingham, was chosen as toastmaster.

Bryan, of Richmond; Judge D. G. Wright, of Baltimore; Captain George H. Boyer, of Charlestown, W. Va.;

Rev. Landon Mason, of Richmond, and the Rev. Dr. W. M. Davis, of Baltimore. A. V. Mulholland, of this city, will make the address of welcome. A reception will

be tendered the visitors by the ladies and daughters of the local members and Daughters of the Confederacy prior to the banquet. Among those who will

The local members who have charge of the arrangements are Charles

Grogan, D. S. Briscoe, Dr. J. G. W.
shire, C. E. Biedler, J. J. Williams, Jr.
Gill, R. S. B. Rollins, J. W. Riggs, A.
Millholland, E. W. Robinson, D. C. C.
H. C. Larrabee, D. L. Thom

and Charles R. Goldsborough.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 2.—Governor E. B. Tunnell, of Delaware, and his staff, left Washington to-night on the Southern railway via Asheville.

Hot Springs, N. C., for Nashville, to y
the Exposition.